

# FEDERAL CONTRACTOR Labor Laws

Department of Labor  
Notices

## WORKER RIGHTS UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER 13658 FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE FOR CONTRACTORS \$11.25 PER HOUR EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2022 – DECEMBER 31, 2022

The law requires certain federal contractors to display this poster where employees can easily see it.

<b>MINIMUM WAGE</b>	Federal construction and service contractors are generally subject to a minimum wage rate under either Executive Order (EO) 13658 or EO 14026. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>If the contract was entered into on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, EO 13658 generally requires that workers be paid at least \$11.25 per hour for all time spent performing on or in connection with the contract in calendar year 2022.</li><li>If the contract is renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022, or a new contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, EO 14026 generally requires that workers be paid at least \$15.00 per hour for all time spent performing on or in connection with the contract in calendar year 2022.</li></ul>	<b>ENFORCEMENT</b>	The U.S. Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division (WHD) is responsible for enforcing this law. WHD can answer questions about your workplace rights and protections, investigate employers, and recover back wages. All WHD services are free and confidential. Employers cannot retaliate or discriminate against someone who files a complaint or participates in an investigation. WHD will accept a complaint in any language. You can find your nearest WHD office at <a href="http://www.dol.gov/whd/local">www.dol.gov/whd/local</a> or by calling toll-free 1-866-4US-WAGE (1-866-487-9243). We do not ask workers about their immigration status. <b>We can help.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Workers with disabilities must be paid at least the EO minimum wage rate for time spent performing on or in connection with covered contract.</li><li>Some state or local laws may provide greater worker protections and employers must follow the law that requires the highest rate of pay.</li><li>More information about the EO minimum wage is available at: <a href="http://www.dol.gov/whd/flsa/eo13658">www.dol.gov/whd/flsa/eo13658</a></li></ul>
<b>EXCLUSIONS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The EO minimum wage may not apply to some workers who provide support in connection with covered federal contracts for less than 20 percent of their hours worked in a week.</li><li>The EO minimum wage may not apply to certain other occupations and workers.</li></ul>	<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>	

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

**WHD**

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

1-866-487-9243  
TTY: 1-877-889-5627  
[www.dol.gov/agencies/whd](http://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd)



WH1089

REV. 11/2020

## WORKER RIGHTS UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER 14026 FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE FOR CONTRACTORS \$15.00 PER HOUR EFFECTIVE JANUARY 30, 2022 – DECEMBER 31, 2022

The law requires certain federal contractors to display this poster where employees can easily see it.

<b>MINIMUM WAGE</b>	Executive Order 14026 (EO) requires that federal contractors pay workers performing work on or in connection with covered contracts at least (1) \$15.00 per hour beginning January 30, 2022, and (2) beginning January 1, 2023, and every year thereafter, an inflation-adjusted amount determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the EO and appropriate regulations. The EO hourly minimum wage in effect from January 30, 2022 through December 31, 2022 is \$15.00.	<b>ENFORCEMENT</b>	The U.S. Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division (WHD) is responsible for enforcing this law. WHD can answer questions about your workplace rights and protections, investigate employers, and recover back wages. All WHD services are free and confidential. Employers cannot retaliate or discriminate against someone who files a complaint or participates in an investigation. WHD will accept a complaint in any language. You can find your nearest WHD office at <a href="http://www.dol.gov/whd/local">www.dol.gov/whd/local</a> or by calling toll-free 1-866-4US-WAGE (1-866-487-9243). We do not ask workers about their immigration status. <b>We can help.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The EO applies only to new federal construction and service contracts, as defined by the Secretary in the regulations at 29 CFR part 23.</li><li>Workers with disabilities whose wages are governed by special certificates issued under section 14(c) of the Fair Labor Standards Act must also receive no less than the full EO minimum wage rate.</li><li>Some state or local laws may provide greater worker protections; employers must comply with both.</li><li>More information about the EO is available at: <a href="http://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts/eo14026">www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts/eo14026</a></li></ul>
<b>TIPS</b>	Covered tipped employees must be paid a cash wage of at least \$10.50 per hour effective January 30, 2022 through December 31, 2022. If a worker's tips combined with the required cash wage of at least \$10.50 per hour paid by the contractor do not equal the EO hourly minimum wage for contractors, the contractor must increase the cash wage paid to make up the difference. Certain other conditions must also be met.	<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>	
<b>EXCLUSIONS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The EO minimum wage may not apply to some workers who provide support in connection with covered contracts for less than 20 percent of their hours worked in a week.</li><li>The EO minimum wage may not apply to certain other occupations and workers.</li></ul>		

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WH1091

REV. 11/2021

### Pay Transparency Nondiscrimination Provision

The contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against employees or applicants because they have inquired about, discussed, or disclosed their own pay or the pay of another employee or applicant. However, employees who have access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of their essential job functions cannot disclose the pay of other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to compensation information, unless the disclosure is (a) in response to a formal complaint or charge, (b) in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or (c) consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information. 41 CFR 60-1.35(c)

If you believe that you have experienced discrimination contact OFCCP  
1.800.397.6251 | TTY: 1.877.889.5627 | [www.dol.gov/ofccp](http://www.dol.gov/ofccp)

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
OFFICE OF FEDERAL CONTRACT  
COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS  
**OFCCP**  
200 CONSTITUTION AVENUE NW | WASHINGTON, DC 20210 | tel: 1-800-397-6251 |  
TTY: 1-877-889-5627 | [www.dol.gov/ofccp](http://www.dol.gov/ofccp)

## WORKER RIGHTS UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER 13706 PAID SICK LEAVE FOR FEDERAL CONTRACTORS ONE HOUR OF PAID SICK LEAVE FOR EVERY 30 HOURS WORKED, UP TO 56 HOURS EACH YEAR

<b>PAID SICK LEAVE</b>	Executive Order 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors, requires certain employees who contract with the Federal Government to provide employees working on or in connection with those contracts with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work—up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury, or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member who is the victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.</li><li>Employees are required to inform employees of their paid sick leave balances and must approve all valid requests to use paid sick leave. Rules about when and how employees should ask to use paid sick leave also apply. More information about the paid sick leave requirements is available at <a href="http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts/eo13706">www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts/eo13706</a></li></ul>	<b>ENFORCEMENT</b>	The Wage and Hour Division (WHD), which is responsible for making sure employers comply with Executive Order 13706, has offices across the country. WHD can answer questions, in person or by telephone, about your workplace rights and protections. WHD can investigate employers and recover wages to which workers may be entitled. All services are free and confidential. If you are unable to file a complaint in English, WHD will accept the complaint in any language. The law prohibits discriminating against or discharging workers who file a complaint or participate in any proceeding under the Executive Order. The law prohibits discriminating against or discharging workers who file a complaint or participate in any proceeding under the Executive Order.  Executive Order 13706 applies to new contracts and replacements for expiring contracts with the Federal Government starting January 1, 2017. It applies to federal contractors for construction and many types of federal contracts for services.  Some state and local laws also require that employees be provided with paid sick leave. Employers must comply with all applicable requirements.
<b>EXCLUSIONS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The EO minimum wage may not apply to some workers who provide support in connection with covered contracts for less than 20 percent of their hours worked in a week.</li><li>The EO minimum wage may not apply to certain other occupations and workers.</li></ul>	<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>	

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WH1090

REV. 09/2016

### Equal Employment Opportunity is THE LAW

Private Employers, State and Local Governments, Educational Institutions, Employment Agencies and Labor Organizations

Applicants to and employees of most private employers, state and local governments, educational institutions, employment agencies and labor organizations are protected under Federal law from discrimination on the following bases:

- RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, NATIONAL ORIGIN**  
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, protects applicants and employees from discrimination in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment, on the basis of race, color, religion, sex (including pregnancy), or national origin. Religious discrimination includes failing to reasonably accommodate an employee's religious practices where the accommodation does not impose undue hardship.
- DISABILITY**  
Title I and Title V of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, protect qualified individuals from discrimination on the basis of disability in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment. Disability discrimination includes not making reasonable accommodation to the known physical or mental limitations of an otherwise qualified individual with a disability who is an applicant or employee, barring undue hardship.
- AGE**  
The Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, protects applicants and employees 40 years of age or older from discrimination based on age in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment.
- SEX (WAGES)**  
In addition to sex discrimination prohibited by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, as amended, the Equal Pay Act of 1963, as amended, prohibits sex discrimination in the payment of wages to women and men performing substantially equal work, in jobs that require equal skill, effort, and responsibility, under similar working conditions, in the same establishment.

#### Employers Holding Federal Contracts or Subcontracts

Applicants to and employees of companies with a Federal government contract or subcontract are protected under Federal law from discrimination on the following bases:

- RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, NATIONAL ORIGIN**  
Executive Order 11246, as amended, prohibits job discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex or national origin, and requires affirmative action to ensure equality of opportunity in all aspects of employment.
- INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES**  
Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, protects qualified individuals from discrimination on the basis of disability in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment. Disability discrimination includes not making reasonable accommodation to the known physical or mental limitations of an otherwise qualified individual with a disability who is an applicant or employee, barring undue hardship. Section 503 also requires that Federal contractors take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities at all levels of employment, including the executive level.
- DISABLED, RECENTLY SEPARATED, OTHER PROTECTED, AND ARMED FORCES SERVICE MEDAL VETERANS**  
The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. 4212, prohibits job discrimination and requires affirmative action to employ and advance in employment disabled veterans, recently separated veterans (within three years of discharge or release from active duty), other protected veterans (veterans who served during a war or in a campaign or expedition for which a campaign badge has been authorized), and Armed Forces service medal veterans (veterans who, while on active duty, participated in a U.S. military operation for which an Armed Forces service medal was awarded).
- RETALIATION**  
Retaliation is prohibited against a person who files a complaint of discrimination, participates in an OFCCP proceeding, or otherwise opposes discrimination under these Federal laws. Any person who believes a contractor has violated its nondiscrimination or affirmative action obligations under the authorities above should contact immediately:  
The Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210, 1-800-397-6251 (toll-free) or (202) 693-1337 (TTY). OFCCP may also be contacted by e-mail at [OFCCP.PublicInquiry@dol.gov](mailto:OFCCP.PublicInquiry@dol.gov), or by calling an OFCCP regional or district office, listed in most telephone directories under U.S. Government, Department of Labor.

#### Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance

- RACE, COLOR, NATIONAL ORIGIN, SEX**  
In addition to the protections of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin in programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance. Employment discrimination is covered by Title VI if the primary objective of the financial assistance is provision of employment, or where employment discrimination causes or may cause discrimination in providing services under such programs. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of sex in educational programs and activities which receive Federal financial assistance.
- INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES**  
Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of disability in any program or activity which receives Federal financial assistance. Discrimination is prohibited in all aspects of employment against persons with disabilities who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the job.  
If you believe you have been discriminated against in a program of any institution which receives Federal financial assistance, you should immediately contact the Federal agency providing such assistance.

EOC-9/02 and OFCCP 8/08 Versions Rescued With 11/09 Supplement EEOC-PIE-1 REV. 11/2009

## EMPLOYEE RIGHTS ON GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS

THIS ESTABLISHMENT IS PERFORMING GOVERNMENT CONTRACT WORK SUBJECT TO:  
(CHECK ONE)

- ☐ SERVICE CONTRACT ACT (SCA)  
☐ PUBLIC CONTRACTS ACT (PCA)

<b>MINIMUM WAGES</b>	Your rate must be no less than the federal minimum wage established by the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). A higher rate may be required for SCA contracts if a wage determination applies. Such wage determination will be posted as an attachment to this notice.
<b>FRINGE BENEFITS</b>	SCA wage determinations may require fringe benefit payments (or a cash equivalent). PCA contracts do not require fringe benefits.
<b>OVERTIME PAY</b>	You must be paid 1.5 times your basic rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a week. There are some exceptions.
<b>CHILD LABOR</b>	No person under 16 years of age may be employed on a PCA contract.
<b>SAFETY &amp; HEALTH</b>	Work must be performed under conditions that are sanitary, and not hazardous or dangerous to employees' health and safety.
<b>ENFORCEMENT</b>	Specific DOL agencies are responsible for the administration of these laws. To file a complaint or obtain information, contact the <b>Wage and Hour Division (WHD)</b> by calling its toll-free help line at 1-866-4-USWAGE (1-866-487-9243), or visit <a href="http://www.dol.gov/whd">www.dol.gov/whd</a> Contact the <b>Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)</b> by calling 1-800-321-OSHA (1-800-321-6742), or visit <a href="http://www.osha.gov">www.osha.gov</a>

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WH1313

### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

The purpose of the discussion below is to advise contractors which are subject to the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act or the Service Contract Act of the principal provisions of these acts.

#### WALSH-HEALEY PUBLIC CONTRACTS ACT

**General Provisions** — This act applies to contracts which exceed or may exceed \$10,000 entered into by any agency or instrumentality of the United States for the manufacture or furnishing of materials, supplies, articles, or equipment. The act establishes minimum wage, maximum hours, and safety and health standards for work on such contracts, and prohibits the employment on contract work of convict labor (unless certain conditions are met) and children under 16 years of age. The employment of homeworkers (except homeworkers with disabilities employed under the provisions of Regulations, 29 CFR Part 525) on a covered contract is not permitted. In addition to its coverage of prime contractors, the act under certain circumstances applies to secondary contractors performing work under contracts awarded by the Government prime contractor.

All provisions of the act except the safety and health requirements are administered by the Wage and Hour Division.

**Minimum Wage** — Covered employees must currently be paid not less than the Federal minimum wage established in section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act.

**Overtime** — Covered workers must be paid at least one and one-half times their basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 a week. Overtime is due on the basis of the total hours spent in all work, Government and non-Government, performed by the employee in any week in which covered work is performed.

**Child Labor** — Employers may protect themselves against unintentional child labor violations by obtaining certificates of age. State employment or age certificates are acceptable.

**Safety and Health** — No covered work may be performed in plants, factories, buildings, or surroundings or under work conditions that are unsanitary or hazardous or dangerous to the health and safety of the employees engaged in the performance of the contract. The safety and health provisions of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act are administered by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

**Posting** — During the period that covered work is being performed on a contract subject to the act, the contractor must post copies of Notice to Employees Working on Government Contracts in a sufficient number of places to permit employees to observe a copy on the way to or from their place of employment.

**Responsibility for Secondary Contractors** — Prime contractors are liable for violations of the act committed by their covered secondary contractors.

**Other Obligations** — Observance of the labor standards of these acts does not relieve the employer of any obligation he may have under any other laws or agreements providing for higher labor standards.  
**Additional Information** — Additional information and copies of the acts and applicable regulations and interpretations may be obtained from the nearest office of the Wage and Hour Division or the national office in Washington, D.C. Information pertaining to safety and health standards may be obtained from the nearest office of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration or the national office in Washington, D.C.

WH1313 REV. 04/2009

## EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE DAVIS-BACON ACT

FOR LABORERS AND MECHANICS EMPLOYED ON FEDERAL OR FEDERALLY ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

<b>PREVAILING WAGES</b>	You must be paid not less than the wage rate listed in the Davis-Bacon Wage Decision posted with this Notice for the work you perform.
<b>OVERTIME</b>	You must be paid not less than one and one-half times your basic rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a work week. There are few exceptions.
<b>ENFORCEMENT</b>	Contract payments can be withheld to ensure workers receive wages and overtime pay due, and liquidated damages may apply if overtime pay requirements are not met. Davis-Bacon contract clauses allow contract termination and debarment of contractors from future federal contracts for up to three years. A contractor who falsifies certified payroll records or induces wage kickbacks may be subject to civil or criminal prosecution, fines and/or imprisonment.
<b>APPRENTICES</b>	Apprentice rates apply only to apprentices properly registered under approved Federal or State apprenticeship programs.
<b>PROPER PAY</b>	If you do not receive proper pay, or require further information on the applicable wages, contact the Contracting Officer listed below: <div></div>

or contact the U.S. Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

**WHD**

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

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[www.dol.gov/whd](http://www.dol.gov/whd)



WH1321

REV. 10/2017

# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT

The NLRA guarantees the right of employees to organize and bargain collectively with their employers, and to engage in other protected concerted activity. Employees covered by the NLRA\* are protected from certain types of employer and union misconduct. This Notice gives you general information about your rights, and about the obligations of employers and unions under the NLRA. Contact the National Labor Relations Board, the Federal agency that investigates and resolves complaints under the NLRA, using the contact information supplied below, if you have any questions about specific rights that may apply in your particular workplace.

### Under the NLRA, you have the right to:

- **Organize a union** to negotiate with your employer concerning your wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment.
- **Form, join or assist a union.**
- **Bargain collectively** through representatives of employees' own choosing for a contract with your employer setting your wages, benefits, hours, and other working conditions.
- **Discuss your terms and conditions of employment** or union organizing with your co-workers or a union.
- **Take action** with one or more co-workers to improve your working conditions by, among other means, raising work-related complaints directly with your employer or with a government agency, and seeking help from a union.
- **Strike and picket**, depending on the purpose or means of the strike or the picketing.
- **Choose not to do any of these activities**, including joining or remaining a member of a union.

### Under the NLRA, it is illegal for a union or for the union that represents you in bargaining with your employer to:

- **Threaten** you that you will lose your job unless you support the union.
- **Refuse to process a grievance** because you have criticized union officials or because you are not a member of the union.
- **Use or maintain discriminatory standards or procedures** in making job referrals from a hiring hall.
- **Cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against you** because of your union-related activity.
- **Take other adverse action against you** based on whether you have joined or support the union.

If you and your coworkers select a union to act as your collective bargaining representative, your employer and the union are required to bargain in good faith in a genuine effort to reach a written, binding agreement setting your terms and conditions of employment. The union is required to fairly represent you in bargaining and enforcing the agreement.

You can also contact the NLRB by calling toll-free: 1-844-762-NLRB (6572). Language assistance is available. Hearing impaired callers who wish to speak to an NLRB representative should send an email to [relay.service@nlrb.gov](mailto:relay.service@nlrb.gov). An NLRB representative will email the requestor with instructions on how to schedule a relay service call.

Illegal conduct will not be permitted. If you believe your rights or the rights of others have been violated, you should contact the NLRB promptly to protect your rights, generally within six months of the unlawful activity. You may inquire about possible violations without your employer or anyone else being informed of the inquiry. Charges may be filed by any person and need not be filed by the employee directly affected by the violation. The NLRB may order an employer to rehire a worker fired in violation of the law and to pay lost wages and benefits, and may order an employer or union to cease violating the law. Employees should seek assistance from the nearest regional NLRB office, which can be found on the Agency's website: [www.nlrb.gov](http://www.nlrb.gov).



SCAN TO LEARN MORE

This is an official Government Notice and must not be defaced by anyone.

### Under the NLRA, it is illegal for your employer to:

- **Prohibit you from soliciting for a union during non-work time**, such as before or after work or during break times; or from distributing union literature during non-work time, in non-work areas, such as parking lots or break rooms.
- **Question you about your union** support or activities in a manner that discourages you from engaging in that activity.
- **Fire, demote, or transfer you, or reduce your hours or change your shift**, or otherwise take adverse action against you, or threaten to take any of these actions, because you join or support a union, or because you engage in concerted activity for mutual aid and protection, or because you choose not to engage in any such activity.
- **Threaten to close your workplace** if workers choose a union to represent them.
- **Promise or grant promotions, pay raises, or other benefits** to discourage or encourage union support.
- **Prohibit you from wearing union hats, buttons, t-shirts, and pins in the workplace** except under special circumstances.
- **Spy on or videotape peaceful union activities** and gatherings or pretend to do so.

\*The National Labor Relations Act covers most private-sector employers. Excluded from coverage under the NLRA are public-sector employees, agricultural and domestic workers, independent contractors, workers employed by a parent or spouse, employees of air and rail carriers covered by the Railway Labor Act, and supervisors (although supervisors that have been discriminated against for refusing to violate the NLRA may be covered).

Technical Revision Date: 05/02/22



TWO ways to verify poster compliance!  
QR CODE Scan with phone camera:  
OR Enter: JJKeller.com/LLPverify  
ONLINE Go to this code: 62725-062022